Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine
Sumy National Agrarian University
Faculty of Veterinary Medicine
Department of virusology, patanatomy and poultry diseases

MODULE SYLLABUS

Organization and methods of scientific research

rompulsorv
(compulsory optional)
Implemented in the
"Veterinary medicine" Academic Program

(name)
Area of specialization 211 " Veterinary Medicine " (code, name)

at the second (master's 1.4) level of higher education

Module syllabus agreed at the the Department of	Minutes of "15" June 2022 № 12
Virology, Pathoanatomy and Poultry Diseases	Head of Department Petrov R.V. R
Approved by: Guarantor of the Acades	mic program (O.I. Shkromada)
Dean of the Faculty	(O.L. Nechyporenko)
Syllabus review (attache	ed) is provided by:
Representative of the Delicensing and accreditation	epartment of Education Quality assurance, a trapacity
Registered in electronic	data base

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Syllabus review data:

	777	Changes revised and approved				
The academic year in which changes are made	The Academic program attachment number with changes description	Minutes No and date of the department meeting	Head of Department	Guarantor of the Academic program		

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT

1.	Title		nethods of scientific research	VAL COMPONEN	
2.	Faculty/Department		ary Medicine / Department of	Virology, Pathoanato	my and Poultry
		Diseases	,	67,	,,
3	Type (compulsory or optional)	Mandatory ' compi	ulsary		
4.	Program(s) to which module is attached (to be filled in for compulsory types)	21 1 Veterinary me	edicine .		
5.	Module can be suggested for (to be filled in for optional types)				
6.	Level of the National Qualifications Framework	Level 7			
7.	Semester and duration of module	2 semester, 15 wee 3 semester, 13 wee			
8.	ECTS credits number	5.0			
9.	Total workload and time allotment	Lectures	Contact work (classes) Practical / seminar	Laboratory 16	Individual work
		12	-	26	52
10.	Language of instruction	Ukrainian/ England	3	_	
11.	Module leader	Dr. vet . Sciences ,	Professor Petrov RV		
	Module leader contact information	Corp. 3 cab. 71, T Romanpetrov1978	el: 06639279 28 ; viber 066392 3 <i>a</i> igmail.com	7928	
12.	Module description	information, prepa diagnostic tests an	Il component studies the pro- ration and conduct of exper d the principles of their valida- metric processing of research re-	imental research, in ation, the structure of	nplementation of
13.	Module aim	research" is to for information, prepa	of teaching the discipline "Orm a system of special knoration and conduct of experivalidation, structure of science results.	owledge on scientif mental research, dia	ic and technic gnostic tests ar
14.	Module Dependencies (prerequisites, corequisites, incompatible modules)	The educational co Internal diseases ar Epizootology and i		of OK:	
15.	Title	OK . Plagiarism ch	of academic dishonesty as eck algorithm systems are also In case of violations, the	tools for counterac	ting violations

	NAU (https://snau.edii.ua/viddil-zabezpechennya-vakosti-osviti/zabezpechennya- yakosti-osviti/akademichna-dobrochesnist/). If a violation of academic integrity is detected the completed task is not credited and is sent for re-execution.
16 Moodle	https://cdn.snau.edu.ua/moodle/course/view.php?id=3734

2. CORRELATION BETWEEN MODULE LEARNING OUTCOMES (MLOs) AND PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES (PLOs)

OK learning outcomes: On successful completion of the module the learner will be able to:	Program learning outcomes to be achieved by the OK (indicate the number according to the numbering given in the OP)					As estimated by RND		
	PLOs 1	PLOs2	PLOS	PLOs6	PLOs7	PLOs10	PLOs11	
MLOS 1. Basic research methods and their characteristics	+			+		+		survey of theoretical issues, performing tasks in laboratory- practical classes, testing, performing tasks of independent work
MLOS 2 Information support of scientific research	+	+		+	+	+	+	survey of theoretical issues, performing tasks in laboratory- practical classes, testing, performing tasks of independent work
MLOS 3 Biological methods lit idzhen in veterinary m edicine .	+		+	+	+	+	+	survey of theoretical issues, performing tasks in laboratory- practical classes, testing, performing tasks of independent work
MLOS4 Basic principles of scientific lit. idzhen on animals	+		+	+	+	+	+	survey of theoretical issues, performing task in laboratory and practical classes, testing, performing tasks of independent work
MLOS 5. Bacteriological and mycological studies	+	+		+			+	survey of theoretical issues, performing tasks in laboratory- practical classes, testing.

					independent work
MLOS 6. Immunological and virological methods in scientific research	+	+	+	+	survey of theoretical issues, performing tasks in laboratory- practical classes, testing, performing tasks of independent work
MLOS 7.	+			+	survey of
The use of parasitological methods in research.					theoretical issues, performing tasks in laboratory- practical classes, testing, performing tasks of independent work
MLOS 8.	+	+		+	survey of
The use of biochemical methods in research					theoretical issues, performing tasks in laboratory- practical classes, testing, performing tasks of independent work
MLOS 9.	+	+	+	+	survey of
The use of toxicological methods in research					theoretical issues, performing tasks in laboratory- practical classes, testing, performing tasks of independent work
MLOS 10.	+	+	+	+	survey of
Use of histological and histochemical methods in scientific research.					theoretical issues, performing tasks in laboratory- practical classes, testing, performing tasks of independent work

3. MODULE INDICATIVE CONTENT <u>Autumn semester</u>

Topic	Distribution o	fhours	Recommended
	Directed study	Self- directe d study	

	S	S		
Topic 1. The main methods of scientific research and their characteristics. System of research methods. General scientific methods. Specific scientific (interdisciplinary and special) methods. Metodolohiya and methods of scientific research.	2	4	6	4,5,18,19
Topic 2. Information support of scientific research. Essence and types n aukovo and technical information. Methods of searching and collecting scientific information. Methods of obtaining and systematizing information. Analysis and interpretation of information. Organization of work with scientific literature. Forms of exchange of scientific information. Rules for compiling a bibliographic description (DSTU 7: 1: 2006; DSTU 8302: 2015)	2	4	6	2,6,7,18,19
Topic 3. Biological research methods in veterinary medicine. Statistical method of measurement evaluation. Biometric processing of digital data results. Safety precautions and measures to prevent human infection with pathogens. Studies in vitro, in vivo. Research modeling.	4	4	6	2,6,7,18,19
Topic 4. Basic principles of animal research. Bioethical aspects in scientific work. Personal safety when working with laboratory animals. Types of laboratory animals, basic requirements for laboratory animals and their content. Basic techniques of working with laboratory animals. Experiments using productive animals. Staging a bioassay and its significance in experimental and diagnostic studies. Alternative research methods Basic requirements for conducting experimental research in veterinary medicine	2	2	6	1,4,6,11,12,18,
Topic 5. Bacteriological and mycological studies. Rules for organizing work in veterinary microbiological laboratories. Safety precautions and measures to prevent human infection with pathogers. Sampling and transportation of material for microbiological, virological and serological tests. Technique of cultivation of bacteria and fungi. Microscopic examinations (in the dark field, phase-contrast and anoptral microscopy, luminescent, electron). Determination of sensitivity, resistance and tolerance of microorganisms to antibiotics and chemotherapeutic drugs by serial dilutions, disco-diffusion method, using rutriert media. Methods of cultivation of aerobes, anaerobes, long-term storage of microorganisms. Biological samples; use of ELISA, PCR, PMA, RID in the diagnosis of animal diseases	2	2	6	4,12,18,19
	14	16	30	
Topic 6.	2	4	12	1,4,13,18,19
Immunological and virological methods in scientific research. Technique of isolation and cultivation of viruses on laboratory animals, in cell culture, chicken embryos; indication (finding) of viruses in cell culture; use of diagnostic immunological tests (RA, RAP, RNGA, RP, RDP, RID, RN, RGA, RTGA, RZK, methods of immunoflucrescence; immunoelectrophoresis; radioimmuno assay, ELISA, PCR). Technique of material research in phase-contrast, luminescent and electron microscope. List of infectious			14	1,71,10,10

		,		
nternational trade. Principles of validation of diagnostic tests for				
nfectious diseases. The use of ELISA in the diagnosis of animal				
diseases. The use of PCR in the diagnosis of animal				
liseases. The use of RID in the diagnosis of bovine				
eukemia. The use of PMA in the diagnosis of leptospirosis.	0		1.0	11 10 10 10
Topic 7	2	6	10	11,12,18,19
The use of parasitological methods in				
research. Determination of the intensity and extent of the				
nvasion. Immunobiological diagnosis of parasitic				
diseases. Special methods of research of parasitosis of animals.	2	6	10	2.10.10
Topic 8.	2	0	10	3,18,19
The use of biochemical methods in research. Determination of biochemical blood constants of different species of				
animals. Determination of biochemical parameters of urine of different animals. Evaluation based on the results of biochemical				
studies of the general condition of the organism. Biochemical				
ndicators of the functional state of the liver, kidneys,				
pancreas Study of factors of nonspecific resistance of an				
rganism. Study of cellular and humoral immunity.	4	4	10	2, 21, 22
Topic 9. The use of toxicological methods in research. Determination of acute and chronic toxicity of	4	4	10	2, 21, 22
research. Determination of acute and chronic toxicity of irugs. Cumulative effect of				
lrugs. Pharmacokinetics, biotransformation of drugs and				
ntoxication of animals Methods for determining the general				
exicity of feed and feed additives. Determination of chronic				
oxicity of drugs: blood tests and hematopoiesis; immunological				
parameters and tests. Toxicity studies when applied to the skin				
and determination of skin resorptive and local				
action Pathomorphological studies for the study of various				
actions of drugs. Establishing the safety of veterinary drugs and				
feed additives. Toxico-biological studies to determine the				
oxicity of feed and feed additives. Cell culture is a biological				
model for toxicological control of veterinary drugs.				
Basic principles of testing drugs and feed				
additives. Toxicological control of drugs using				
ciliates. Detection of embryotoxicity and teratogenic effects of				
veterinary drugs Mutagenicity study of veterinary				
trugs. Physico-chemical methods for the determination				
of mycotoxicosis ELISA for the determination				
of mycotoxicosis . Establishing the toxicity of vaccines,				
oxoids. Detection of allergic reactions and pyrogenicity to the				
action of drugs. Control of microbial contamination of non-				
sterile dosage forms. Generalizations to determine the safety of				
eterinary drugs.				
			110	2 10 10
Topic 10. The use of histological and histochemical methods	2	6	10	3, 18, 19
n research. Histological,				
nistochemical, immunohistochemical studies. Selection, fixation				
and transfer of pathological material for histological				
examinations; techniques for making paraffin, celluloid sections,				
heir dyeing and canning, material fixation technique and				
preparation for histological and immunohistological				
examinations; preservation and preservation of samples of				
piological material obtained as a result of experiments.				
			1	
	12	26	52	

4. METHODS OF TEACHING AND TEACHING

MLOs	Teaching methods (directed study)	Hours	Learning methods (self-directed study)	Hours
MLOs 1 Basic methods of scientific research and their characteristics.	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: story, explanation, conversation (heuristic and reproductive), lecture, instruction Visual: demonstration, illustration, observation. Active methods: luse of technical teaching aids, use of training and control tests) Interactive teaching methods: (use of multimedia technologies, spreadsheets.	4	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: work with a book (reading, translation, writing, taking notes, making tables, graphs, reference notes), Visual observation. Teaching methods by the nature of the logic of cognition (analytical, synthesis methods, and inductive method, deductive method, translational method). Active method (brainstorming, crossword puzzles, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role-playing games, group research). Interactive learning technologies (use of multimedia technologies, dialogue learning, student cooperation)	12
MLOS 2 Information support of scientific research	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: story, explanation, conversation (heuristic and reproductive), lecture, instruction Visual: demonstration, illustration, observation Active methods: (use of technical teaching and control tests) Interactive teaching methods: (use of multimedia technologies, spreadsheets.	4	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: work with a book (reading, translation, writing, taking notes, making tables, graphs, reference notes), Visual observation. Teaching methods by the nature of the logic of cognition (analytical, synthesis methods, and inductive method, deductive method, translational method). Active methods (brainstorming, crossword puzzles, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role-playing games, group research). Interactive learning technologies (use of multimedia technologies, dialogue learning, student cooperation (cooperation).	12
MLOS 3 Biological research methods in veterinary medicine	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: story, explanation, conversation (heuristic and reproductive).	4	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: work with a book (reading, translation, writing, taking notes, making tables, graphs, reference notes). Visual	12

	lecture, instruction Visual: demonstration, illustration, observation. Active methods: (use of technical teaching aids, use of training and control tests) Interactive teaching methods: (use of multimedia technologies, spreadsheets		observation. Teaching methods by the nature of the logic of cognition (analytical, synthesis methods, and inductive method, deductive method, translational method) Active methods (brainstorming, crossword puzzles, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role-playing games, group research). Interactive learning technologies (use of multimedia technologies, dialogue learning, student cooperation (cooperation)	
MLOS4 Basic principles of arumal research.	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: story, explanation, conversation (heuristic and reproductive), lecture, instruction. Visual: demonstration, illustration, observation. Active methods: (use of technical teaching aids, use of training and control tests) Interactive teaching methods: (use of multimedia technologies, spreadsheets.	4	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: work with a book (reading, translation, writing, taking notes, making tables, graphs, reference notes), Visual: observation. Teaching methods by the nature of the logic of cognition (analytical, synthesis methods, and inductive method, translational method). Active methods (brainstorming, crossword puzzles, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role-playing games, group research). Interactive learning technologies (use of multimedia technologies, dialogue learning, student cooperation)	12
MLOS 5. Bacteriological and mycological studies	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: story, explanation, conversation (heuristic and reproductive), lecture, instruction. Visual: demonstration, illustration, observation. Active methods: (use of technical teaching aids, use of training and control tests) Interactive teaching methods: (use of multimedia technologies,	4	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: work with a book (reading, translation, writing, taking notes, making tables, graphs, reference notes), Visual: observation. Teaching methods by the nature of the logic of cognition (analytical, synthesis methods, and inductive method, deductive method, translational method). Active methods (brainstorming, crossword puzzles, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role-playing games,	12

	s preads heets.		Interactive learning technologies (use of multimedia technologies, dialogue learning, student cooperation (cooperation)	
MLOS 6. Both immunological and virological methods in scientific research	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: story, explanation, conversation (heuristic and reproductive), lecture, instruction. Visual: demonstration, illustration, observation. Active methods: (use of technical teaching aids, use of training and control tests) Interactive teaching methods: (use of multimedia technologies, spreadsheets.	4	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: work with a book (reading, translation, writing, taking notes, making tables, graphs, reference notes), Visual: observation. Teaching methods by the nature of the logic of cognition (analytical, synthesis methods, and inductive method, translational method). Active methods (brainstorming, crossword puzzles, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role-playing games, group research). Interactive learning technologies (use of multimedia technologies, dialogue learning, student cooperation)	12
MLOS 7. Special methods of research of parasitosis of animals.	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: story, explanation, conversation (heuristic and reproductive), lecture, instruction Visual: demonstration, illustration, observation. Active methods: (use of technical teaching aids, use of training and control tests) Interactive teaching methods: (use of multimedia technologies, spreadsheets.	4	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: work with a book (reading, manslation, writing, taking notes, making tables, graphs, reference notes), Visual: observation. Teaching methods by the nature of the logic of cognition (analytical, synthesis methods, and inductive method, deductive method, deductive method, translational method) Active methods (brainstorming, crossword puzzles, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role-playing games, group research). Interactive learning technologies (use of multimedia technologies, dialogue learning, student cooperation)	16

MLOS8. The use of biochemical methods in research	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: story, explanation, conversation (heuristic and reproductive), lecture, instruction Visual: demonstration, illustration, observation. Active methods: (use of technical teaching aids, use of training and control tests) Interactive teaching methods: (use of multimedia technologies, spreachheets.	4	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: work with a book (reading, translation, writing, taking notes, making tables, graphs, reference notes), Visual: observation. Teaching methods by the nature of the logic of cognition (analytical, synthesis methods, and inductive method, translational method). Active methods (brainstorming, crossword puzzles, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role-playing games, group research). Interactive learning technologies (use of multimedia technologies, dialogue learning, student cooperation)	8
MLOS 9. The use of toxucological methods in research	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: story, explanation, conversation (heuristic and reproductive), lecture, instruction. Visual: demonstration, illustration, observation. Active methods: (use of technical teaching aids, use of training and control tests) Interactive teaching methods: (use of multimedia technologies, spreadsheets.	4	Methods of teaching by source of knowledge: Verbal: work with a book (reading, translation, writing, taking notes, making tables, graphs, reference notes), Visual: observation. Teaching methods by the nature of the logic of cognition (analytical, synthesis methods, and inductive method, translational method). Active methods (brainstorming, crossword puzzles, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role-playing games, group research). Interactive learning technologies (use of multimedia technologies, dialogue learning, student cooperation)	8
MLOS 9	Methods of teaching by	2	Methods of teaching by source	8
Use of histological and histochemical methods in scientific research	source of knowledge: Verbal: story, explanation, conversation (heuristic and reproductive), lecture, instruction Visual: demonstration, illustration, observation Active methods: (use of technical teaching aids, use of training and		of knowledge: Verbal: work with a book (reading, translation, writing, taking notes, making tables, graphs, reference notes), Visual: observation. Teaching methods by the nature of the logic of cognition (analytical, synthesis methods, and inductive method, deductive	

Interactive teaching methods: (use of multimedia technologies, spreadsheets.	Active methods (brainstorming, crossword puzzles, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role-playing games, group research).
	Interactive learning technologies (use of multimedia technologies, dialogue learning, student cooperation (cooperation)

5. EVALUATION BY EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT 5.1. Diagnostic evaluation (indicated if necessary)

5.2. Summative assessment

5.2.1. To assess the expected learning outcomes provided

№	Methods of summative evaluation	Points / Weight in	Date of
		the overall score	compilation
1.	Thematic survey	20 points / 20%	Weekly
2.	Execution of tasks in laboratory- practical classes	20 points / 20%	According to the schedule
3.	Testing	15 points / 15%	For 7-8 weeks
4	Report with a presentation on the subject of independent study of the discipline	45 points / 45%	According to the schedule of delivery of modules

5 2.2. Evaluation criteria

Component[]	Unsatisfactor ily	Satisfactorily	Okay	Perfectly[2]
Thematic survey	<12 points	12-15 points	15-18 points	20 points
	The student can play only individual fragments of the course.	Most requirements are met, but some components are missing or insufficiently disclosed, there is no analysis of other approaches to the issue	All requirements of the task are fulfilled	All requirements of the task are ruffilled, creativity, thoughtfulness is shown, own solution of a problem is offered
Execution of tasks in	<12 points	12-15 points	15-18 points	20 points
laboratory- practical classes	Task requirements not met	Most of the tanks are performed using the basic theoretical principles, the student has difficulty explaining the rules for solving laboratory-practical problems. Execution of individual control tasks is significantly formalized, there is no deep understanding of the work	The student has mastered the basic material, and understands and performs laboratory-practical tasks, has suggestions for the direction of their solutions. Underst ands the main provisions that are	The applicant implements the theoretical material of the discipline in the performance of laboratory and practical work, is able to analyze.

			decisive in the course, can solve similar problems with those discussed with the teacher, but allows a small number of inaccuracies.	and compare the results obtained on the basis of knowledge acquired from this discipline, skills, practical skills
Multiple selection test	The student gives the correct answer to several questions (< 33% of the correct answers).	6-9 points The student has some knowledge provided in the program of the discipline, has the basic provisions being studied and gives the correct answer to several questions (34-59% of correct answers).	The student is generally well versed in the material, knows the basic provisions of the material, and gives the correct answer to several questions (60-89% of the correct answers).	The student demonstrates complete and solid knowledge of the study material in the amount that corresponds to the program of the discipline, correctly answers the test questions (90-100% of correct answers).
Design and presentation report of independently processed m aterial	<9 points The integrity of the student's understandin g of the material on the discipline is lacking. The student did not perform independent study of the material	10-19 points Despite the fact that the student completed the program of the discipline, but some components are missing or insufficiently worked, the student worked passively.	20-39 points Knows the basic provisions th at are crucial in performing independent work / individual tasks. Errors in the answers are not significant.	All requirements, tasks are fulfilled, creativity, thoughtfulnes s is shown, own solution of a problem is offered.

5.3. Formative assessment:

To assess current progress in learning and understanding areas for further improvement

	To assess current progress in learning and understanding areas for further improvement			
№	Elements of formative assessment	Date		
1	Oral feedback after studying the topics 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8	2,4,6,8,10,12,14,15 weeks of the semester		
2	Written feedback after studying topics 1-3, 4-8	8, 15 weeks of the semester		
3	Written feedback from the teacher while working on laboratory-	Within I week after execution		

	practical tasks	
4	Oral feedback from the teacher after the story with a presentation	During classes
	on the topic of independent study of the discipline	

6. LEARNING RESOURCES (LITERATURE)

Methodical support

- 1. Zon C.A. Methodowl matrustrom for conducting practical classes and organizing independent work on the subject "Research Methodology" for students majoring in 8.110101 "Veterinary Medicine" EQL "Master" of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine on the topic. "Biometric digital data processing in veterinary medicine using modern information technology" / (1A Zon, I.B Ivanovskaye, EV Barnox. Surry, 2016 27 p.
- Remained methodology Lauture notes for students majoring in 8 11010101 "Veterinary Medicine" EQL "Master" (SNAU, IVM, pr. No. Trom 20 11 2014)
- Research Methodology Methodological appear for conducting practical classes for students majoring in 211 "Veterinary Methodological RQL, "Master" (SNAU, FVM, pr. No2 from 23.11.2016).
- Rementoh methodology. Methodological support for independent work of students majoring in 211. "Veterinary Medicine" ICU. "Manter" (SNA1). IVM. ps. No. 11 cm. 23.11.2016).

Recommended Books

Hande

- Biltikha MT Fundamentalis of action the coron of MT Billikha K. Bigher school. 1997. 271 p.
 Yerina AM Research methodology a taxtbook /A M. Yerina . VB Come in , D.L. Erin . Kyiv: Center for Educational Literature. 2004. 112 p.
- Klimenko MC Methodology and organization of acceptable revealed: Textbook / MO Klimenko, VG Petruk, VB Mokin , NM Wozunik - Khemon Oldrighm 2012 - 474 p

Auxillary

- 8. Baskakov A. Ya. Methodology of action the twining the bullet powerly (A. YA. Baskakov , NV Туленков. К. МАУП, 2004—216 в
- Volkova ES Methods of magnific research in veterinity medicine /B S. Volkova, VN Байтматов. -М. Колос, 2010. - 183 с.
- Горальский JIII | Fundamentals of hatological technique and morphofunctional research methods in normal and pathology | fastbook / LPT оразваний | 10.1 | Khonnob, OI Kononsky - Zhytomyr: Polissya, 2011. - 288 p.
- 11. Preclinical studies of veterinary drugs /I Ym Kodsymboss, OG Malik, IP Paterega and others. Ed. AND I. Kotsyumbos Lviv Trisida plus, 2006 660 p
- 12. Ymnunolohychenkye methodi (Under od. U. Frynselye , per. Sec Nem. AP. Tarasov. M. Medicine, 1987. 472 p.
- Animal cell culture. Methods: Jane with English / Under Ed. R. Freshney. M.: Map, 1989. 333 c.
- Criteria and methods of control metabolism in 'a eigenism animals and birds /Y.A. Ionov ,
 S.O. Illamonauca , B.B. Rudenko et al. Khaikov. Institute of Animal Haibardy NAS, 2011. 376 p.
 Khaikov. Institute of Animal Haibardy NAS, 2011. 376 p.
- Kuznetrov IN Scientific works methods of preprintron and design / IN Kuznetsov Mn. Amalfeya, 2000. - 544 p.
- 16. Laboratory featurin veterinity
- medicine Vyrumlase, tykk etnyovinae and punazylarinas dineane. Directory / Under Ed. WOULD. Antonov a. M.: Agropromizilat, 1987. 1.240 р.
- 17 Laboratory foith in videntisty
- medicine Bukleryshnar infection. Directory. Under Ed. WOULD, Antonova. M. .: Agropromizdat , 1986. 352 p.
- 18 Laboratory (manifolia) Valennary Medicine: hymykotoknykolohyched varinethoda: Handbook: Under Rd. WUULD. Antonova. - M.: Agropromizdat, 1989. -

19. Laboratory research in Veterinary

Medicine: byohymycheskye and mykolohycheskye: Directory / Under Ed. WOULD, Antonova: M. Agropromizdat, 1991. - 287 p.

Lakin GF Biometry: a textbook for universities and pedagogical institutes / G.F. Lakin. - M. Higher school, 1973. - 343p.

Lomakin MS Immunological supervision / MS Lomakin . - М .: Медицина, 1990. - 256 с.

22. Ludchenko AA Fundamentals of scientific research: a textbook/ AA Ludchenko,

Ya.A. Лудченко, Т.A. Primak. - [2nd ed., P.]. - К.: Общество "Знания", КОО, 2001. - 113 с.
 Microbiological and virological research methods in veterinary medicine (reference manual). Unde

r Ed. A.N. Head. - H.: NTMT, 2007. - 512 p.
24. Meyer D. Veterinary laboratory medicine. Interpretation and diagnosis; 3rd ed. Per s Engl. /

D. Meyer, D. Harvey. - M.: Софион, 2007. - 456 c.
25. Petukhov VA Veterinary genetics with the basics of variation statistics / V.A. Petukhov,

AI Житачев, Г.А. Nazarova. - M.: Agropromizdat, 1985. - 368 p.
26. Theoretical and praktycheskye problems hnotobyolohyy / Under Ed. acad. - VASHNIL VP

Shishkova, acad. AMN Yu.F. Isakova. - M.: Agropromizdat, 1986. - 239 p.

27. Chornenky Ya.Ya. Basics of the scientific research Organization of independent and scientific work of the student: Textbook /[Ya.Ya.Chornenky, NVChornenko, SBRybak, etc.]. - K .: VD "Professional", 2006. - 208 p.

28. Shatko VM Organization and methods of research: Textbook / V.A. Shatko , N.M. Kushnarenko . -

[2nd ed., Reworked. and ext.]. - K.: Knowledge - Press, 2008. - 310 p.

29. Yablonsky V. Science. Fundamentals of research in animal husbandry and veterinary medicine: A textbook for the system of master's, postgraduate and doctoral studies. /IN. Yablonsky, O. Yablonska, P. Plakhtiy. - Kamyanets-Podilsky: Medobory, 2001. - P. 135-227.

Information resources

30. http://www.ritmpress.ru/med/book/int_med/index/htm

31. http://www.jalonso.com./libreria.html

32. http://www.mlink.net/veterinet/

33. http://www.vet.net/

34. https://www.studentlibrary.ru/ru/book/ISBN9785953206990 html