MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE SUMY NATIONAL AGRARIAN UNIVERSITY

Department of Therapy, Pharmacology, Clinical Diagnostics and Chemistry Faculty of Veterinary Medicine

MODULE SYLLABUS

" Cardiology and pulmonology " (selective)

Implemented in the "<u>21 veterinary medicine</u>" Academic Program

Area of specialization 20 "211 veterinary medicine"

at the second (master's) level of higher education

Author:	De	Dolbanosova RV, Ph.D., associate Professor
Module agreed at	syllabus the	Minutes N 15 08/06/ 2021
"Veterinary Toxicology" Department Department	meeting of	Head of Therapy, Pharmacology, Clinical Diagnostics and Chemistry

and Chemistry Department

Diagnostics

Therapy,

Clinical

Pharmacology,

and Chemistry

	0
Approved by:	
Guarantor of the Academic program	(L G Ulko)
Dean of the Faculty	(O L Nethiporenko)
Syllabus review (attached) is provided by :	Caup O.S.
Albert	Caup O.Y
Representative of the Department of	
Education Quality assurance, licensing and accreditation	fr (F. bapanin

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Registered	electrom	c uata base	

02.09. 2021

(L.G.Ulko)

@SNAU, 2021

Syllabus review data:

The	The Academic	Changes revised and approved				
academic year in which changes are made	program attachment number with changes description	Minutes No and date of the department meeting	Head of Department	Guarantor of the Academic program		

1. MODULE OVERVIEW

1.	Title	Cardiolog	gy and pulme	onology			
2.	Faculty/Department	-	Veterinary medicine				
			Therapy, pharmacology, clinical diagnosis and chemistry				
3.	Type (compulsory or optional)	optional	1				
4.	Program(s) to which	21 Veteri	nary medici	ne			
	module is attached (to be filled in for compulsory types)	211 veter	inary medic	ine			
5.	Module can be	21 Veteri	nary medici	ne			
	suggested for (to be filled in for optional types)	211 veter	inary medic	ine			
6.	Level of the National Qualifications Framework	7					
7.	Semester and duration of module	4					
8.	ECTS credits number	3					
9.	Total workload and		Directed stu	ıdy	Self-directed study		
	time allotment	Lectures	Practicals	Labs			
			22		122		
10.	Language of instruction	English					
11.	Module leader	Dolbanos	ova RV				
12.	Module leader	https://ve	t.snau.edu.u	a/kafedri/kafeo	dra-terapi%d1%97-		
	contact information	farmakolo	ogi%d1%97	-klinichno%d1	1%97-diagnostiki-ta-		
				afedri/dolbano	osova- rimma-		
			<u>na-k-vet-n-</u>				
			imma19-82				
13.	Module description	The discipline "Cardiology and Pulmonology" includes the basics of anatomy, physiology, morphology of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems, etiology, pathogenesis, symptoms, diagnosis, treatment and prevention of heart and lung diseases.					
14.	Module aim				provide students with		
			-	-	of the heart and		
		-	•• •	genesis, symp			
		-	diagnosis and differential diagnosis, treatment and				
		-	prevention of diseases associated with cardiovascular and				
1.5	Madarla	-	respiratory systems.				
15.	Module			-	is based on: foreign		
1	Dependencies	and Latin	i language,	anatomy, phy	siology, biochemistry,		

		1 1 1					
	(prerequisites, co-	clinical diagnostics.					
	requisites,	2. The educational component is an additional					
	incompatible	component for clinical diagnosis, internal diseases of					
	modules)	animals, parasitology, infectious diseases, pathological					
		anatomy, diagnosis and therapy of internal diseases of					
		productive animals, special propaedeutics.					
16.	The policy of	Adherence to academic integrity for higher education					
	academic integrity	seekers involves: independent performance of educational					
		tasks, tasks of current and final control of learning					
		outcomes; references to sources of information in the case					
		of the use of ideas, statements, information; compliance					
		with copyright law; providing reliable information about					
		the results of their own educational or scientific activities.					
		Violations of academic integrity in the study of OK					
		"Internal Diseases of Animals" are: academic plagiarism,					
		academic fraud (copying, deception, publishing					
		someone's work for their own), the use of electronic					
		devices during the final control of knowledge					
		For violation of academic integrity, students may be held					
		subject to the following academic liability:					
		Academic plagiarism - grade 0, re-completion of the task.					
		Academic fraud - cancellation of points; re-assessment					
		re-performance of non-independently performed work;					
		Use of electronic devices during the final control of					
		knowledge - suspension from work, grade 0					
17	Link in Moodle	https://cdn.snau.edu.ua/moodle/course/view.php?id=4676					
		The second					

2. CORRELATION BETWEEN MODULE LEARNING OUTCOMES (MLOs) AND PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES (PLOs)

MLOs:		PLOs		How assessed
On successful completion of the module the learner will be able to:	PLO 1	PLO 4	PLO 20	
MLOs 1. Use knowledge of anatomy, physiology, morphology to determine the work of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems of different species of animals in normal and pathological	+			Oral interview Working with animals
MLOs 2. Use in practice general and special methods of research of cardiovascular and respiratory system.		+	+	Presentations with reports on topics Work with animals and equipment
MLOs 3 Differentiate clinical signs of diseases of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems	+	+		Multiplechoice tests
MLOs 4. Use knowledge of the features of etiopathogenesis, symptoms and course of the disease for the appointment of treatment and prevention, choosing drugs according to the diagnosis of the disease.		+		Simulation exercises Solving situational problems

3. MODULE INDICATIVE CONTENT

Autumn semester

Topics		ibutio hours	Learning resources
	Dir ecte d stu dy	Self- direc ted stud y	
	Lab s		
Topic 1. Study of the cardiovascular system	2	12	1,3,4,6,8
Plan.1.Study of the cardiovascular system			

	1	1	,
2. Cardiology and interventional medicine .			
3. Basic methods of examination of the heart and blood			
vessels (examination, percussion, auscultation).	4	10	256012
Topic 2 . Special methods of examination of the heart and	4	18	2,5,6,9,12
blood vessels			
Plan			
1. Special methods of examination of the heart and			
blood vessels			
 Electrocardiography Phonocardiography 			
4. Blood pressure test			
 5. X-ray diagnosis of heart disease 			
Topic 2. Special methods of cardiovascular research	4	18	1, 4, 9,
Plan.	-	10	1, 4, 9, 11,12,13
1. Study of heart murmurs			11,12,13
2. Examination of peripheral vessels			
3. Cardiac arrhythmias			
4. Functional diagnosis of the cardiovascular system			
Topic 3. Diseases of the cardiovascular system.	4	22	7,8,
1. Classification, prevalence, general symptoms and			14,18,19
syndromes of diseases of the cardiovascular system.			y - y -
2. Pericardial diseases. Methods of diagnosis,			
differential diagnosis, treatment and prevention.			
3. Myocardial disease. Methods of diagnosis,			
differential diagnosis, treatment and prevention.			
4. Diseases endocardial . Methods of diagnosis,			
differential diagnosis, treatment and prevention.			
5. Defects heart. Methods of diagnosis, differential			
diagnosis, treatment and prevention.			
6. Vascular diseases. Methods of diagnosis, differential			
diagnosis, treatment and prevention.			
Topic 4. Research of the respiratory system.	2	12	10,12,14,1
Plan			7
1. General scheme of research of respiratory system			
2. Examination of the anterior respiratory system			
3. Chest examination			
 Additional methods of research of respiratory system 			
	2	16	11 12 15 1
Topic 5. Diseases of the respiratory system		10	11,13,15,1 9
1. Classification, prevalence, general symptoms and			7
syndromes of respiratory diseases .			
2. Diseases of the upper respiratory tract. Methods of			
diagnosis, differential diagnosis, treatment and prevention.			
anguosis, arrerentar diagnosis, reaction and prevention.			

Topic 5. Diseases of the respiratory system	2	16	8,11,14,16
1. Inflammatory lung diseases. Methods of diagnosis,			,18
differential diagnosis, treatment and prevention.			
2. Lung diseases are not inflammatory in nature.			
Methods of diagnosis, differential diagnosis, treatment and			
prevention.			
Topic 6 . Pleural diseases.	2	14	2,12,10,17
1. Study of pleural diseases			
2. Methods of diagnosis, differential diagnosis,			
treatment and prevention of pleural diseases .			
In just one year	22	128	

4. TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS

MLOs	Teaching methods (directed study)	Ho urs	Learning methods (self-directed study)	Hou rs
MLOs 1. Use knowledge of anatomy, physiology, morphology to determine the work of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems of different species of animals in normal and pathological	Informative lesson where students receive ready- made information that needs to be memorized , visualization lessons - demonstration materials, forms of visualization, which not only supplement verbal information, but also act as carriers of meaningful information. Problematic - disputes based on lecture materials. Use of the MOODLE, ZOOM platform during the mixed form of training.	4	<i>Extracurricular</i> <i>work</i> - reading literature on the topic, watching videos about the heart , fixing animals during research ,	28

MLOs 2.	Acquaintance with the	6	Extracurricular	28
You use in practice general and special methods of research of cardiovascular and respiratory system.	general and special methods of research , in the conditions of NNVK "Vivarium" of SNAU and veterinary clinics of Sumy . Conducting a general examination of animals to identify clinical and subclinical stages of the disease. Use of the MOODLE, ZOOM platform during the mixed form of training.		 work - drawing up a plan for the study of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems for a specific species of animals. View video files on special methods of cardiovascular and respiratory system research. 	
MLOs 3. Differentiate clinical signs of diseases of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems	Visualization classes are demonstration materials, forms of visualization, which not only supplement verbal information, but also act as carriers of meaningful information. Lesson - press- conference where students are asked to ask the teacher in writing questions on the topic to be studied. For two or three minutes, students formulate questions and pass them on to the teacher. During the lesson the teacher gives answers to questions. Students ask questions at the beginning of the topic to identify the interests of the group or flow, their attitudes, opportunities; in the middle - to involve students in the key moments of the course		<i>Extracurricular</i> <i>work</i> - Solving situational problems. Testing on the MOODLE platform	36

	and systematization of knowledge; at the end - to determine the prospects for the development of the acquired content. <i>Work with animals</i> , where the main clinical manifestations of animal diseases are understood and differential diagnosis is performed. <i>Problematic</i> - disputes on the materials of the lesson . Use of the MOODLE, ZOOM platform during the mixed form of training.			
MLOs 3. Use knowledge of the features of etiopathogenesis, symptoms and course of the disease for the appointment of treatment and prevention, choosing drugs according to the diagnosis of the disease.	Visualization classes are demonstration materials, forms of visualization, which not only supplement verbal information, but also act as carriers of meaningful information. Work with animals , where the conditions of keeping animals, the links of pathogenesis of the main clinical manifestations of internal non-communicable diseases of animals and protocols for treatment and prevention are proposed Problematic - disputes on the materials of classes .	6	<i>Extracurricular</i> <i>work</i> - Reading material on the proposed topics. Watch videos on internal non- communicable diseases of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems, which are located on the MOODLE platform Solving situational problems.	36

	Use of the MOODLE, ZOOM platform during the mixed form of training.			
MLOs 5. Analyze the results obtained after the appointment of treatment and prevention. Use the acquired knowledge for further therapeutic activities	Analytical method - after the appointment of a protocol for the treatment of animal intoxications, an analysis of each prescribed drug and method of therapy is performed. <i>Lecture-conference</i> - creates a problematic situation that encourages students to look for a solution, raising goals step by step. <i>Working with animals</i> to observe animals being treated. Using the MOODLE, ZOOM platform during a mixed form of learning.	10	<i>Extracurricular</i> <i>work</i> - acquaintance with the existing protocols of treatment of animals for intoxications. Preparation of presentation and reports on the topic	10

1. ASSESSMENT

5.1. Diagnostic assessment

5.2. Summative assessment

5.2.1. Intended learning outcomes methods:

No	Summative assessment methods O		Deadline
	Autumn semes	ter	
1.	Oral interview	15 points / 15%	Up to 15 weeks
2.	Solving situational problems,	20 points / 20%	Until the 13th
	simulation exercises		week
3.	Presentations with reports on topics	15 points / 15%	Up to 14 weeks
4.	Work with animals and equipment	30 points / 30%	Up to 12 weeks
5.	Multiplechoice tests	20 points / 20%	Up to 7 weeks

5.2.2. Grading criteria

Summative assessment method	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Excellent
Oral	<5 points	5-10	11-14 points	15 points
interview	Task requirements not met	Most requirements are met, but some components are missing or insufficiently disclosed, there is no analysis of other approaches to the issue	All requirements of the task are fulfilled	All requirements of the task are fulfilled, creativity, thoughtfulness is shown, own solution of a problem is offered
Solving	<10 points	11-15	15-19 points	20 points
situational tasks, drawing up protocols	Task requirements not met	Most requirements are met, but some components are missing or insufficiently disclosed, there is no analysis of other approaches to the issue	All requirements of the task are fulfilled, the situational task is solved completely, the report is made	All requirements of the task are fulfilled, creativity, thoughtfulness is shown, own solution of a problem is offered
Preparation of	<5 points	5-10	11-14 points	15 points
presentation s and reports	Task requirements not met	The presentation is prepared, but the report is not clear, not	All the requirements of the task are met, the report and presentation	All requirements of the task are fulfilled, creativity, thoughtfulness is shown, own

		logical	meet the requirements	solution of a problem is offered
Working	<15 points	15-20	21-26	27-30
with animals	Task requirements not met	Most of the requirements are met, but there are minor violations of the methods	The task is done correctly	All requirements of the task are fulfilled, creativity, thoughtfulness is shown, own solution of a problem is offered
Multiple	<10 points	10-15	16-19	20
choice tests	Less than 10 correct answers	10-15 correct answers	16-19 correct answers	All correct answers

5.3. Formative assessment

Formative exercises are designed to enable students to develop particular aspects of their learning, prior to summative assessments. Formative exercises are designed to help students use feedback and self-reflection to manage and develop their learning so that they can see how to improve their work.

No	Formative Assessment elements	Date		
1	Oral feedback from the teacher while working on	10-15 minutes at the end		
	situational tasks	of each topic studied		
2	Feedback from the student during work	The next lesson after		
		learning a new topic		
3	Oral feedback from the teacher and students after	5-12 weeks		
	the presentation of independent work			
4	Discussion of situational tasks with group	After learning a new topic		
	discussion			
5	Express survey with peer review of students	6, 14 weeks		

Self-assessment can be used both an element of formative and summative assessment.

6. LEARNING RESOURCES

6.1. Key resources

1. Meurs KM, Mauceli E, Lahmers S, et al: Genome-wide association identifies a deletion in the 3' untranslated region of striatin in a canine model of arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, Hum Genet 128:315–324, 2010.

2. Oyama MA, Reiken S, Lehnart SE, et al: Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy in Boxer dogs is associated with calstabin2 deficiency, J Vet Cardiol 10:1–10, 2008.

3. Meurs KM, Lahmers S, Keene BW, et al: A splice site mutation in a gene encoding for PDK4, a mitochondrial protein, is associated with development of dilated cardiomyopathy in the Doberman Pinscher, Hum Genet. 131:1319–1325, 2012.

4. Reist-Marti SB, Dolf G, Leeb T, et al: Genetic evidence of subaortic stenosis in the Newfoundland dog, Vet Rec 170:597, 2012.

5. Werner P, Raducha MG, Prociuk U, et al: A novel locus for dilated cardiomyopathy maps to canine chromosome 8, Genomics 91:517–521, 2008.

6. Carlos Sampedrano C, Chetboul V, Mary J, et al: Prospective echocardiographic and tissue Doppler imaging screening of a population of Maine Coon cats tested for the A31P mutation in the myosin-binding protein C gene: a specific analysis of the heterozygous status, J Vet Intern Med 23:91–99, 2009.

7. Kittleson MD, Meurs KM, Munro MJ, et al: Familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy in Maine Coon cats: an animal model of human disease, Circulation 99: 3172–3180, 1999.

8. Meurs KM, Kuan M: Differential methylation of CpG sites in two isoforms of myosin binding protein C, an important hypertrophic cardiomyopathy gene, Environ Mol Mutagen 2:161–164, 2011.

9. Meurs KM, Norgard MM, Ederer MM, et al: A substitution mutation in the myosin binding protein C gene in ragdoll hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Genomics 90:261–264, 2007.

10. M. Yesuf, H. Mazengia, and M. Chanie, "Histopathological and bacteriological examination of pneumonic lungs of small ruminants slaughtered at Gondar, Ethiopia," *Am*-*Europian Journal of Scientific* Research, vol. 7, pp. 226–231, 2012.

11. Respiratory Diseases of Small Ruminants, Amit Kumar, Suresh K. Tikoo, Praveen Malik, and Aruna T. Kumar Volume 2014, P.58

12. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/3423455/

13. <u>https://bmcvetres.biomedcentral.com/articles/sections/pulmonology-and-respiratory-</u> <u>diseases</u>

6.2. Guidelines

14. Mary J, Chetboul V, Sampedrano CC, et al: Prevalence of the MYBPC3-A31P mutation in a large European feline population and association with hypertrophic cardiomyopathy in the Maine Coon breed, J Vet Cardiol 12:155–161, 2010.

15. Meurs KM, Sanchez X, David RM, et al: A cardiac myosin binding protein C mutation in the Maine Coon cat with familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Hum Mol Genet 14:3587–3593, 2005.

16. Meurs KM, Spier AW, Miller MW, et al: Familial ventricular arrhythmias in boxers,J Vet Intern Med 13:437–439, 1999.

17. Mausberg T, Wess G, Simak J, et al: A locus on chromosome 5 is associated with dilated cardiomyopathy in Doberman Pinschers, PLoSOne, 6: e2004.

<u>https://www.worldcat.org/title/veterinary-echocardiography/oclc/741879225</u>
 <u>https://www.amazon.com/Rapid-Review-Interpretation-Animal-Practice-</u>
 <u>ebookdp07Z6QS6Z3/dp/B07Z6QS6Z3/ref=mt_other?_encoding=UTF8&me&qid</u>

Рецензія на Робочу програму (силабус)

Параметр, за яким оцінюється робоча програма (силабус) освітнього компонента гарантом або членом проєктної групи	Так	Hi	Коментар
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом (ДРН) відповідають НРК			
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом (ДРН) відповідають передбаченим ПРН (для обов'язкових ОК)			
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом дають можливість виміряти та оцінити рівень їх досягнення			

Член проектної групи ОП _____

Параметр, за яким оцінюється робоча програма (силабус) освітнього компонента викладачем	Так	Hi	Коментар
відповідної кафедри			
Загальна інформація про освітній компонент є достатньою			
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом (ДРН) відповідають НРК			
Результати навчання за освітнім компонентом (ДРН)			
дають можливість виміряти та оцінити рівень їх			
досягнення			
Результати навчання (ДРН) стосуються компетентностей	1		
студентів, а не змісту дисципліни (містять знання, уміння,			
навички, а не теми навчальної програми дисципліни)			
Зміст ОК сформовано відповідно до структурно-логічної			
схеми			
Навчальна активність (методи викладання та навчання) дає			
змогу студентам досягти очікуваних результатів навчання			
(ДРН)			
Освітній компонент передбачає навчання через			
дослідження, що ϵ доцільним та достатнім для			
відповідного рівня вищої освіти			
Стратегія оцінювання в межах освітнього компонента			
відповідає політиці Університету/факультету			
Передбачені методи оцінювання дозволяють оцінити			
ступінь досягнення результатів навчання за освітнім			
компонентом			
Навантаження студентів є адекватним обсягу освітнього			
компонента			
Рекомендовані навчальні ресурси є достатніми для			
досягнення результатів навчання (ДРН)			
Література є актуальною			

Рецензент (викладач кафедри) _____ (назва) _____ (посада,

_ _