Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine Sumy National Agrarian University Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Department of Internal Medicine, Pharmacy and Biochemistry

Work program (syllabus) of the educational component

Organic Chemistry with Clinical Biochemistry

(mandatory)

Specialty	H6 Veterinary medicine
Educational program	Veterinary medicine
Level of higher	Second Master's level of higher education
education	

Розробники:	(підпис)	(прізвище, ініціал	и) (вчений ступінь	та звання, посада)
0/	Aff			рший викладач
	(жинс)	(прізвище, ініціал	ии) (вчений ступінь	та звання, посада)
Розглянуто, схвалено та затверджено на засіданні кафедри	протокол від 09	9.06.2025 p№ 17		
внутрішніх хвороб, фармації та біохімії	Завідувач кафедри	Ca	(піднтіс)	Нечипоренко О.Л. (прізвице, ініціали)
Погоджено:	ами	AB (night	пис)	_Олександр Чекан (ПІБ)
Декан факультету, де р		евітня програма _	Л	Іюдмила Нагорна (ПІБ)
Рецензія на робочу про	граму надана:	стине) (підпис)	Span Bodale (TIII)	Leever S. M.
Методист відділу якост ліцензування та акреди		Д.Бал (підпис)	Jages (IIII	hapanik)
Зареєстровано в електр	онній базі: д	ата:)25 p.

Developers:		-	
	(signature)		(academic degree and title, position)
		_ Morozov B.S.,	Doctor of Philosophy
	(signature)	(last name, initials)	(academic degree and title, position)
Reviewed, approved and ratified at a meeting of the	protocol dated 09.06.	2025. No. 17	
Department of Internal Medicine, Pharmacy and Biochemistry	Manager departments	(sig	Nechiporenko O.L. nature) (last name, initials)
Agreed:			
Educational program gua	nrantor		Halyna RIABENKO
	(sign	nature)	(Full name)
Dean of the faculty when program is implemented		(sig	Liudmyla NAHORNA nature) (Full name)
Review of the work prog	gram provided by:		
		(signature)	(Full name)
		(signature)	(Full name)
Methodologist of the De licensing and accreditation	on	(
	(sig	gnature)	(Full name)
Registered in the electron	nic database: date:		2025.

Information on reviewing the work program (syllabus):

Academic year	Number of the	Changes reviewed and approved					
in which changes are made	appendix to the work program with a description of the changes	Date and number of the minutes of the department meeting	Head of the Department	Educational program guarantor			

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT

1.	Name OK	OK 8.Orga	OK 8.Organic Chemistry with Veterinary Biochemistry						
2.	Faculty/department	Veterinary Medicine/Internal Medicine, Pharmacy and Biochemistry							
3.	Status OK	Mandatory	Mandatory						
4.	Program/Specialty(s) that include OK for	Specialties	H6 "Veterinary Med	licine"					
5.	OK can be offered for								
		- 2	1 4 (1 1	15)					
6.	Semester and duration of study	1st year 2nd	l semester (weeks 1-	-15)					
7.	Number of ECTS credits	3							
8.	Total hours and their		Contact work (class	ses)	Independent work				
	distribution	Lectures	Practical/seminar	Laboratory					
					150				
	90								
9.	Language of instruction	English							
10.	Teacher/Educational	Teacher: Ph	D, Senior Lecturer	Morozov Bogdar	n Stanislavovych				
	Component Coordinator								
11.1	Contact information	Workplace:	room 25, veterinary	medicine buildi	ng				
		E-mail: Mo	rozovBS@meta.ua						
		Tel. (066) 3	130411						
			n hours: every Wedr	•					
11.	General description of the educational component	The educational component includes sections on organic chemistry and veterinary biochemistry, which are necessary for a deep understanding of the essence of biochemical processes that occur in the animal body normally and during pathology of the organism. The subject of this course is chemical laws and reactions that underlie the physiological and biochemical functions of a living organism. The study of the discipline involves students' practical mastery of laboratory methods of research of samples of biological material of animals, the ability to interpret their results and substantiate the established diagnosis.							

12.	Purpose of the	The goal of the introductory course is to master the theoretical and
	educational component	practical foundations of organic chemistry and clinical biochemistry, which will allow the student to form a complex of chemical knowledge and skills aimed at the active formation of professional skills necessary for understanding the peculiarities of the functioning of the animal body.

13.	Prerequisites for studying OK, connection with other educational components of OP Academic Integrity Policy	1. The educational component is based on knowledge of chemistry (terminology, basic laws and concepts, atomic structure, types of chemical bonds), physics (understanding the basic laws of chemical reactions), and experimental techniques (knowledge of chemical glassware, concentrations). 2. The educational component is the basis for the OK "Veterinary pharmacology of medicinal and poisonous plants", "Veterinary toxicology", "Clinical and laboratory diagnostics of animal diseases", "System of analysis of hazardous factors and control at critical points" Compliance with academic integrity for higher education applicants involves: independent completion of educational tasks, tasks of current and final control of learning outcomes; references to sources of information when using ideas, statements, and information; compliance with copyright legislation; provision of reliable information about the results of one's own educational or scientific activities. Violations of academic integrity when studying the OC "Organic Chemistry with Clinical Biochemistry" are considered: academic plagiarism, academic fraud (copying, cheating, passing off someone else's work as your own), use of electronic devices during the final knowledge control For violation of academic integrity, students may be held accountable for the following academic responsibilities: Academic plagiarism—score 0, re-execution of the task. Academic fraud—cancellation of points received; re-taking the assessment; re-performing work not completed independently; Use of electronic devices during the final knowledge test—suspension from work, score 0, re-passing the final control
15.	Keywords	https://cdn.snau.edu.ua/moodle/course/view.php?id=2065 hydrocarbons (alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, arenes), isomerism (structural, spatial, optical), functional groups, halogen derivatives, alcohols, phenols, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and their derivatives, esters, amides, nitro compounds, amino acids, peptide bond, proteins: structure and properties, carbohydrates: mono-, di-, polysaccharides, lipids: fats, fatty acids, phospholipids, heterocyclic compounds,animal metabolism,enzymatic reactions, liver, kidney, pancreatic enzymes, nitrogen metabolism (residual nitrogen, urea), dysproteinemia, hypoproteinemia, glycemia (hypo-, hyper-), ketosis, acidosis, alkalosis

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES BY EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT AND THEIR RELATIONSHIP WITH PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES

RELATIONSHIP WITH PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES							
Learning outcomes for OK:	Progran	n learning	that the	How is the DRN			
After studying the educational	OC ai	ms to achi	eve (indic	ate the	assessed?		
component, the student is expected to be able	number	according		mbering			
to		given in	the OP) ¹				
	PRN2	PRN4	PRN9	PRN15			
DRN 1. Understandthe chemical nature of	X				Interactive testing		
physiological processes in the animal body					to check the		
involving organic substances, which					assimilation of		
determines their subordination to basic					theoretical material,		
chemical laws					exam		
DRN 2. Establish the relationships between		X			Taking a		
the chemical and biological processes that		Λ			comprehensive		
occur in the animal body normally and					written test, exam		
pathologically.					Written test, exam		
paniorogicany.							
DRN 3. Be able to use laboratory				X	Protection of		
equipment and chemical reagents in					laboratory reports		
compliance with the rules for their safe							
storage and use when conducting							
specialized research							
DRN 4. Formulate conclusions,			X		Defense of		
recommendations, advice on the maintenance, feeding and treatment of					laboratory reports,		
animals or establish a diagnosis based on					exam		
the results of laboratory tests							
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¹Must comply with the Matrix of ensuring program learning outcomes by the relevant components of the educational program, indicated for mandatory educational components of OP I and II levels, for all (mandatory and selective OK) OP III

3. CONTENT OF THE EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT (COURSE PROGRAM)

Topic. List of issues to be addressed within	Distril	bution wit	hin the o	Recommended reading	
the topic	Cla	assroom w		Self-work	
	Luke	Pz / semin. with	Lab. with.		
Topic 1. Introduction. Safety rules and laboratory work rules Rules for working in the laboratory, with reagents. Safety rules. Providing first aid. Familiarization with laboratory glassware and other equipment. The simplest operations with substances Topic 1.1:Theoretical foundations of organic chemistry Theory of the structure of organic compounds by O.M. Butlerov. The emergence of theoretical concepts in organic chemistry. The structure of the carbon atom. Hybridization. Chemical bond. Covalent bond. Chemical reaction. Types of chemical reactions. Classification of organic compounds. Qualitative analysis of organic compounds Laboratory work No. 1. Discovery of carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, sulfur, halogens.	1		2	2	2,3,5,4,7,10
Topic 2. Hydrocarbons Saturated hydrocarbons (Alkanes). Homologous series of alkanes. Radicals. Rational and systematic nomenclature. Concept of primary, secondary, tertiary carbon atom. Isomerism. Preparation of saturated: Wurtz reaction, from salts of carboxylic acids, from unsaturated hydrocarbons. Natural sources of saturated hydrocarbons. Oil refining. Physical and chemical properties of saturated hydrocarbons. Solubility. Substitution reaction. Halogenation, nitration, sulfonation and sulfochlorination reaction. Use of hydrocarbons.	1		2	2	2,3,4,7,11
Ethylene hydrocarbons. Alkenes. Homologous series. General formula. SP2 – hybridization of the carbon atom. Structure of the double bond. Rational and systematic nomenclature. Preparation of alkenes. Zaitsev's rule. Preparation from			2	2	2,3,4,7,10

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2	4	2,3,4,7,10
2		
		5.11
2	4	
2		
		5 (11
		5,6,11
		2,3,4,7
		2,3,4,1
2		
	2 2 2	2 4

alcohols. Production. Physical and				
chemical properties.			2	
Laboratory work No. 5.Extraction				
and study of the properties of alcohols.		•		5.10
7 1 1		2		5.10
Phenols. Phenol and its derivatives:				
Structure, isomerism, nomenclature.			4	2,3,4,6,7
Methods of preparation. Physical and				
chemical properties of phenol:				
reactions of the functional group and				
the benzene ring. Polycondensation of				
phenol and methanal. Phenol-				
formaldehyde resins and their				
applications. Concept of di- and				
triatomic phenols.Laboratory work				
No. 6. Phenol and its derivatives		2		5.10
Aldehydes and Ketones. Definition.				
Electronic structure of the carbonyl			4	2,3,4,6,6,7,11
group. Methods of preparation.			4	2,5,4,0,0,7,11
Physical properties. Chemical				
properties: addition reactions of				
hydrogen, hydrogen cyanide, sodium				
hydrogen sulfide, with phosphorus				
halides, oxidation, aldol and croton				
condensations. Individual				
representatives. Their applications.				
Laboratory work No. 7. Preparation		2		5.10
and study of the properties of		_		3.10
aldehydes and ketones.				
Carboxylic acids and their functional				
derivatives. Classification of acids.		2	4	2,3,4,6,7,11
Monobasic saturated carboxylic acids,				
structure of the carboxyl group.				
Nomenclature. Production. Physical				
properties. Chemical properties:				
reactions involving hydrogen of the				
carboxyl group, reactions involving the				
OH- group. Functional derivatives of				
carboxylic acids, esters, halogen				
anhydrides, anhydrides, acid amides.				
Their preparation and the most				
important properties. Higher carboxylic				
acids. Individual representatives:				
palmitic, oleic, stearic, acids, their				
-				
structure. Fats. Composition. Structure.				
Difference between solid fats and				
liquid and oily fats. Chemical				
properties: saponification,				
hydrogenation, rancidity of fats, soap.				
Hydroxy acids. Nomenclature.				
Methods of preparation. Chemical				
properties. The most important				
oxyacids, glycolic, lactic, malic,				
tartaric, citric acid. Phenoloxy acids:				
salicylic acid and its esters.				
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Laboratory work No. 8. Monobasic and				
polybasic carboxylic acids and their				
derivatives.		2		5.10
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Topic 4. Carbohydrates	2			2,3,4,6,7,8,11
Monosaccharides. Classification of		2	2	
monosaccharides by the number of				
carbon atoms, by the main functional				
group. Optical isomerism (D- and L-				
isomers); α - β - forms. Structure of				
monosaccharides of the Fisher and				
Hayworth formula. Extraction,				
physical and chemical properties.				
Distribution in nature. The importance of monosaccharides for living				
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e				
organisms.				
Disaccharides. The structure of			4	5.10
disaccharides according to Fisher and				
Hayworth. Reducing disaccharides				
(maltose, lactose), non-reducing				
(sucrose, trehalose). The meaning of		2		
disaccharides. Laboratory work No. 9.		2		
Chemical properties of mono- and				
disaccharides			4	
Polysaccharides. The structure of the				
most important polysaccharides				
(starch, cellulose). Methods of				
production. Physical and chemical				5.10
properties of polysaccharides. Starch is		2		
an important food polysaccharide.		_		
Laboratory work No. 10. Chemical				
properties of polysaccharides.				
	2			2246711
Topic 5. Nitrogen-containing organic	2			2,3,4,6,7,11
compounds Amins.Classification of amines by				
radical structure (aliphatic, aromatic,			4	
heterocyclic). Acyclic amines.				
Classification (primary, secondary,				
tertiary), nomenclature. Preparation by				
the Hoffmann reaction, reduction of				
nitro compounds. Chemical properties:				
salt formation, alkylation reaction,				
acylation. Reaction with nitrous acid.				
Aromatic amines. Nomenclature.				
Preparation of amine (Zinin reaction).				
Chemical properties of aniline: reaction				
of the amino group (alkylation,				
diazotization). Azo dyes.				
Laboratory work No. 11. Amines.				
Amino acids		2		5.10
Amino acids. Nomenclature and				
isomerism of amino acids. Methods of		2	4	2,3,4,6,7
preparation. Classification:				
monoaminocarboxylic acids,]	

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monoaminodicarboxylic acids, cyclic					
amino acids. Methods of preparation.					
Chemical properties. Amphoteric					
nature of amino acids. Substituted and					
essential amino acids. Peptide bond.					
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Synthesis of polypeptides.					
Topic 6. Heterocyclic compounds.				6	2,3,4,6,7
Classification: by structure of					
heterocycles: by the type of atom					
included in the structure of the cycle O,					
S, N), into groups (three-, four-,					
five-membered). The concept of					
aromaticity of hetero systems. Five-					
membered Nitrogen-containing					
heterocycles with one atom (pyrrole),					
distribution in nature (chlorophyll,					
hemin). Preparation of pyrrole. Yuriev					
synthesis. Chemical properties.					
Oxygen-containing five-membered					
hetero systems – moray eels and their					
derivatives. Obtained by dry					
distillation of wood. Chemical					
properties: substitution reaction					
(nitration, sulfonation). Nicotinic acid.					
Nicotinamide – vitamin PP. The					
concept of alkaloids.					
Laboratory work No. 12Polynuclear			2		5.10
and heterocyclic compounds					
·	2			6	18912
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical	2			6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in	2			6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs.	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis.	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis.	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the	2			6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained	2			6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein	2			6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of	2			6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its	2			6	1,8,9,12
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Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its	2			6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its fractions. Hypo, hyper- and	2			6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its fractions. Hypo, hyper- and dysproteinemia in pathologies of	2			6	1,8,9,12
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Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its fractions. Hypo, hyper- and dysproteinemia in pathologies of internal organs. Non-protein nitrogenous components	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its fractions. Hypo, hyper- and dysproteinemia in pathologies of internal organs. Non-protein nitrogenous components of the blood in pathologies of internal	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its fractions. Hypo, hyper- and dysproteinemia in pathologies of internal organs. Non-protein nitrogenous components of the blood in pathologies of internal organs. Residual nitrogen and its	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its fractions. Hypo, hyper- and dysproteinemia in pathologies of internal organs. Non-protein nitrogenous components of the blood in pathologies of internal organs. Residual nitrogen and its components. Azotemia and its types.	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its fractions. Hypo, hyper- and dysproteinemia in pathologies of internal organs. Non-protein nitrogenous components of the blood in pathologies of internal organs. Residual nitrogen and its	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its fractions. Hypo, hyper- and dysproteinemia in pathologies of internal organs. Non-protein nitrogenous components of the blood in pathologies of internal organs. Residual nitrogen and its components. Azotemia and its types.	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its fractions. Hypo, hyper- and dysproteinemia in pathologies of internal organs. Non-protein nitrogenous components of the blood in pathologies of internal organs. Residual nitrogen and its components. Azotemia and its types. Diagnosis of protein metabolism	2		2	6	1,8,9,12
Topic 7. Clinical and biochemical assessment of protein metabolism in pathologies of internal organs. Disturbances in the metabolism of simple proteins in gastritis, enteritis and pancreatitis. Determination of total protein content in blood serum. Interpretation of the results obtained Methods for determining blood protein fractions. Determination of albumin content in blood serum. Features of protein digestion in ruminants and its disorders in rumen acidosis. Violations of homeostasis of total protein and its fractions. Hypo, hyper- and dysproteinemia in pathologies of internal organs. Non-protein nitrogenous components of the blood in pathologies of internal organs. Residual nitrogen and its components. Azotemia and its types. Diagnosis of protein metabolism disorders. Dysproteinemia. Colloidal	2		2	6	1,8,9,12

Topic 8. Carbohydrate and lipid	2		4	1,8,9,12
metabolism, their disorders in	4		7	1,0,7,14
pathologies of internal organs				
Disturbances in the digestion				
and absorption of carbohydrates in		2		
pathologies of internal organs. Features				
of carbohydrate digestion in ruminants				
and its disorders in rumen acidosis.				
Intermediate carbohydrate metabolism				
and its changes in pathologies of the				
liver and pancreas. Diagnosis of				
carbohydrate metabolism disorders.				
Determination of glucose in blood				
plasma (serum) by glucose oxidase				
enzymatic method) and express method				
(glucometer)				
Disturbances in lipid digestion		2		
and absorption in pathologies of		<i>L</i>		
internal organs in monogastric and				
ruminant animals. Ketogenesis and				
lipid peroxidation and its disorders.				
Diagnosis of lipid metabolism				
disorders. Determination of total lipids				
and cholesterol in animal blood serum				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2		12	1,8,9,12
disorders of macro-, microelements	2		12	1,0,9,12
and vitamin metabolism		2		
Macroelement metabolism in		2		
pathologies of internal organs.				
Biochemical methods for diagnosing				
macroelementosis (deficiency or				
excess of Ca, P, Mg, K, Na). Diagnosis				
of macroelement metabolism disorders.				
Determination of calcium and				
inorganic phosphorus content in blood				
serum and clinical interpretation of the				
results obtained				
Microelement metabolism in		2		
pathologies of internal organs.				
Biochemical methods for diagnosing				
microelementosis. Diagnosis of				
microelement metabolism disorders.				
Determination of copper, zinc, iron,				
manganese, cobalt and selenium in				
animal blood serum and clinical				
interpretation of the results obtained				
_		2		
Clinical biochemistry for fat-soluble				
vitamin metabolism disorders.				
Diagnosis of vitamin metabolism				
disorders. Determination of vitamin A				
content in blood serum and				
interpretation of the obtained results.				
Determination of vitamin E content in				
blood serum and interpretation of the				
vitamin metabolism disorders. Diagnosis of vitamin metabolism disorders. Determination of vitamin A content in blood serum and interpretation of the obtained results. Determination of vitamin E content in				

obtained results	2		
Determination of vitamin E content in blood serum and interpretation of the results obtained	2		
Biochemical aspects of water-soluble vitamin metabolism disorders and methods of their diagnosis. Disorders of water-electrolyte metabolism in the animal body.			
Total		150	

4. TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS

DRN	Teaching methods(work	Number	Teaching methods(what	Number
	that will be carried out by	of hours	types of learning	of hours
	the teacher during		activities should the	
	classroom lessons,		student perform	
	consultations)		independently)	
DRN 1.	Explanatory and	20	working with textbooks,	20
Understandthe	reproductivemethods:		manuals, Internet materials;	
chemical nature of	lecture, story-explanation,		illustration, demonstration,	
physiological	conversation, aimed at		performing experiments,	
processes in the	identifying the value-oriented		exercises, didactic tasks,	
animal body	content of the educational		independent work, etc.	
involving organic	material (in the context of		•	
substances, which	professional tasks)			
determines their	Using the			
subordination to	platformMOODLE,			
basic chemical	PADLET, ZOOM during			
laws	blended learning.			
DRN 2. Establish	Partial search methods:	20	independent search for	20
the relationships	problem-dialogical,		educational information,	
between the	modeling, case method, etc.		performance of laboratory	
chemical and	<i>Inductive methods</i> -related to		work of partial search	
biological	predicting observations and		content, complex didactic	
processes that	experiments based on		tasks and tasks.	
occur in the animal	experience data			
body normally and	Using the			
pathologically.	platformMOODLE, Google			
	Meet, ZOOM during blended			
	learning.			
DRN 3. Be able to	Visual methods—	18	Preparation for laboratory	18
use laboratory	demonstration of		work, execution and	
equipment and	experiments		preparation of a report on	
chemical reagents	Practical methods—work		the results of laboratory	
in compliance with	with reagents, laboratory		work	
the rules for their	glassware and instruments			
safe storage and	in compliance with safety			
use when	regulations.			
conducting	10gaintions.			
specialized				
research	D 1 1 1	10	D 1' 1'	1.0
DRN 4. Formulate	Deductive methods –	18	Reading literature on the	16
conclusions,	related to the		topic, preparing for a	

advice on the maintenance, feeding and treatment of feeding and treatment of feeding and treatment of feeding and their application to specific tasks. Inductive treatment of feeding and their application to specific tasks. Inductive feeding application to specific tasks. Inductive feeding application to specific tasks and the specific tasks are application to specific tasks. Inductive feeding tasks are application to specific tasks and the specific tasks are application to specific tasks. Inductive feeding tasks are application to specific tasks and the specific tasks are application to specific tasks. Inductive feeding tasks are application to specific tasks are application to specific tasks are application to specific tasks. Inductive feeding tasks are application to specific tasks are applic	recommendations,	formulationgeneral	laboratory	session,	
animals or establish a diagnosis based on the results of laboratory tests methods-related to predicting observations and experiments based on experience data	advice on the maintenance, feeding and treatment of animals or establish a diagnosis based on the results of	provisions, formulas, laws and their application to specific tasks. <i>Inductive methods</i> -related to predicting observations and experiments based on	performing and report on the	l writing a results of	

5. EVALUATION BY EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT

5.1.Diagnostic assessment (indicated as needed)

5.2.Summative assessment

5.2.1. To assess the expected learning outcomes, there are

No.	Summative assessment methods	Points / Weight in the overall	Date of compilation
		score	
1.	Preparation of a comprehensive written control	(3x15) points /45%	7, 10, 14 weeks
2.	Laboratory work report	25 points / 25%	until 14-15 weeks
3.	Final control: exam	30 points / 30%	Exam week

5.2.2. Evaluation criteria

Component ²	Unsatisfactorily	Satisfactorily	Good	Perfectly ³
Preparation of a	<5 points	5-8 points	9-12 points	13-15 points
comprehensive written thematic control (3 papers)	A shortened condition of the problem has been drawn up, reaction equations and formulas are missing	A shortened problem statement was drawn up, calculations were performed only using the readymade formula	The necessary formulas of substances and reaction equations are given, the solutions to the problems contain errors.	The tasks are completed in full, the presentation is logical and rational, the conclusions and generalizations are well-reasoned.
Laboratory work	<5 points	6-15 points	16-22 points	23-25 points
report	the main content of the material is not presented, conclusions and generalizations are lacking	There are gaps in the presentation of the material, the presentation is not systematized, the conclusions and generalizations are poorly argued, and there are errors in them.	There are minor shortcomings in the presentation of the material, the presentation is not sufficiently systematized, and there are some inaccuracies in the conclusions and generalizations.	the material is presented in full, the presentation is logical, the conclusions and generalizations are well-reasoned
Final control:	<14 points	15-20	21-26	27-30
exam	Ticket issues not resolved	No more than two tasks are revealed	No more than three tasks revealed	Three tasks are revealed and a practical solution is proposed.

²Specify the summative assessment component

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³Indicate the distribution of points and the criteria that determine the level of assessment

5.3.Formative assessment:

To assess current progress in learning and understand areas for further improvement,

No.	Elements of formative assessment	Date
1	Interactive testing to check the mastery of lecture material	10 minutes at the beginning of
		the lab session
2	Checking individual homework, discussion with the teacher and self-correction of the work done by students	Within a week after execution
3	Survey and oral comments from the teacher on its results	weekly
4	Verification of the results of experiments for laboratory	Within a week after execution
	work with feedback	

6. LEARNING RESOURCES (LITERATURE)

6.1 Main sources

5.3.1. Textbooks and manuals

- 1. Veterinary clinical biochemistry: textbook / V.I. Levchenko et al. ed. V.I. Levchenko and V.V. Vlizla. 2nd ed., revised and supplemented. Bila Tserkva, 2019. 416
- 2. Organic Chemistry / Snitynskyi V.V., Fedevich E.V., Solovodzinska I.E., Shkumbatyuk R.S., Vishchur O.I. Lviv: SPOLOM, 2016. 300 p.
- 3. Organic chemistry. Practical course: a teaching aid for agricultural students of III-IV levels of accreditation in the specialties "Veterinary medicine", "Zooengineering", "Agronomy" / O. I. Kononsky. K.: Higher school, 2002. 248 p.
- 4. Biochemistry. Workshop/ L.I. Ostapchenko, I.V. Kompanets, O.V. Skopenko and others. Kyiv: Publishing and Printing Center *Kyiv University*, 2018.- p.296
- 5. Biochemistry short course. Part 1. / Z.M. Skorobagatova, M.A. Stashkevych, A.G. Matvienko. Biokompozit, 2021. 148 p.
- 6. **Analytical Chemistry: A Toolkit for Scientists and Laboratory Technicians**, 2nd Edition (2024) Authors: Bryan M. Ham, Aihui MaHam, Wiley Focus: a comprehensive guide for laboratories methods, techniques, safety, instrumental approaches.
- 7. Basics of Analytical Chemistry and Chemical Equilibria: A Quantitative Approach, 2nd Edition (2023) Author: Brian M. Tissue, Wiley Focus: fundamental principles, calculations, chemical equilibrium for analysts.
- 8. **Bioinorganic Chemistry: A Short Course, 3rd Edition**Author: Rosette M. Roat-Malone, Wiley Publishing, January 2020Description: A compact, modern introduction to bioinorganic chemistry metal-ligand interactions in biology, enzymatic mechanisms, physicochemical approach

5.3.2. Methodological support

- 9. **Morozov B.S.**Bioinorganic and analytical chemistry. Methodological guidelines for conducting laboratory and practical classes. Methodological guidelines for students of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine of the full-time form of Sumy. 2023. 33 p.
- 10. **Morozov B.S.**Bioorganic and analytical chemistry "Methodological instructions for conducting laboratory work". Methodological instructions for students of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine of the full-time form of Sumy. 2023. 25 p.
- 11. **Morozov B.S.**Biological Chemistry. Part 1. Methodological guidelines for conducting practical classes for students of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine of full-time study for the educational degree 'Master' of Sumy. 2024.39 p.
- 12. **Morozov B.S.**Biological Chemistry. Part 2. Methodological guidelines for conducting practical classes for students of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine of full-time study for the educational degree 'Master' of Sumy. 2024.35 p.
- 13. **Morozov B.S.**Biological Chemistry. Part 3. Methodological guidelines for conducting practical classes for students of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine of full-time study for the educational degree 'Master' of Sumy. 2025.36 p.
- 14. **Morozov B.S.**Biological Chemistry. Part 4. Methodological guidelines for conducting practical classes for students of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine of full-time study for the educational degree 'Master' of Sumy. 2025. 40with.

5.4. Additional sources

- 15. Kravchenko M.Y., Ivchenko V.D. Organic chemistry: methodological instructions for performing laboratory work for 1st year students of specialties 211 "Veterinary medicine", 212 "Veterinary hygiene, sanitation and expertise" of the educational degree "master". Sumy, 2021. 36 p.
- 16. Kravchenko M.Y., Ivchenko V.D. Organic Chemistry. Methodological instructions for independent study of the module "Theoretical foundations of organic chemistry" by 1st year students of specialties 211 "Veterinary medicine" and 212 "Veterinary hygiene, sanitation and expertise" of the educational degree "master" Sumy: SNAU, 2021. 37 p.
- 17. Kravchenko M.Y., Ivchenko V.D. Organic chemistry. Part 1. Hydrocarbons: lecture notes for 1st year students of specialties 211 "Veterinary medicine", 212 "Veterinary hygiene, sanitation and expertise" of the educational degree "master". Sumy, 2021. 51 p.

6.2.Software

Software(to support distance learning (Moodle), Zoom, Google Meet, etc.)