MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE SUMY NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY

Department of Vetsanexamination, microbiology, zoohygiene and safety and quality of animals' product

Ecological parasitology (cipher and name of the discipline) For graduate students in specialties 211 Veterinary medicine Work program on discipline «Ecological parasitology" for graduate students in the specialty 211 Veterinary science

Developer: Berezovskii A.V. Doctor of Veterinary Science, Professor

The work program is considered at the meeting of the Department of Vetsanexamination, microbiology, zoohygiene and safety and quality of animals' product Protocol from " " May 2020 year number

Head of the Department of Vetsanexamination, microbiology, zoohygiene and safety and quality of animals' product (Fotina T.I.)

Agreed:

Dean of the Faculty

Methodist of the training department

(Oleksandr Nechiporenko)

Det. (d. M. hapanic))

Registered in electronic database: date: 03.07 2020 p.

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Name of	Branch of knowledge, direction of training,	Characteristics of the discipline		
indicators	educational- qualification level	full-time	education	
Number of credits	Branch of knowledge:			
-1,5	211Veterinary science			
Modules - 1		Y	ear of train	ing:
Content modules : 1		2020-2021		
		Course		
		2		
			Semester	
Total hours :		41	th	
- 1 50)			Lectures	I
		- 36		-
		Pra	actical, sem	inars
Weekly hours for		- 30	Laborator	
full-time study:	Education level:			y
classroom - 3	postgraduate	In	dependent	work
independent work		- 7	78	
of the student - 1		Г	Type of cont	rol:
		Computer Oral quest	testing ioning.	

1. Description of the discipline

The ratio of the number of hours of classroom studies to independent and individual work is: for full-time study in the spring semester - 48/15.

2. Purpose and tasks of the discipline

Curriculum is aimed at trained and trainee veterinary professionals. It seeks to provide, in a compact format, an introduction and easily accessible reference for the more commonly encountered parasitic and zoonotic diseases and some discussion of the issues surrounding parasitological zoonoses, and their societal and economic impact. This discipline discusses parasitological zoonoses not only within the context of domestic disease, but also in the wider world. Veterinary problems become more international every day, with the massive increase in numbers of people travelling from place to place for business or pleasure. This makes it increasingly necessary for us, as healthcare professionals, to widen our horizons, so that we can respond appropriately to patient needs.

The purpose of teaching a subject is to familiarize post-graduate students with Veterinary and sanitary measures that promote the efficiency of livestock breeding, methods of diagnosis, treatment and sanitary measures, disinfection, as well as parasitological and exotic animal diseases.

The objectives of the study of the discipline - Methods of diagnostics, treatment and elimination of parasitological (including highly contagious and exotic) diseases of cattle, pigs and poultry, principles of carrying out of veterinary and sanitary measures and improvement measures that promote efficient livestock management.

3. PROGRAM OF EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE

Module I. Content module 1. PARASITE TAXONOMY AND MORPHOLOGY.

Topic 1. Parasite taxonomy and morphology.

Parasite taxonomy and morphology. A basic definition. Principles of classification. **Topic 2.** Veterinary helminthology.

Veterinary helminthology. Phylum nemathelminthes. Phylum acanthocephala. Phylum platyhelminthes. Class nematode. Class trematoda. Class cestoda. Nematode superfamilies.

Topic 3. Veterinary protozoology. Protozoology. Kingdom protista. Apicomplexa. Microspora. Ciliophora. Bigyra. Ascomycota. Structure and function of protozoa. Phylum Sarcomastigophora. Family Eimeriidae. Phylum Microspora . Phylum Ciliophora. Classification of the protozoa. Order Kinestoplastorida (haemoflagellates). Flagellates. Rickettsia.

Topic 4. Parasites of cattle.

Endoparasites. Parasites of digestive system Parasites of the respiratories system. Parasites of the liver. Parasites of the pancreas. parasites of the serculatory system. Parasites of the nervous system. Parasites of the reproductive/urogenital system. Parasites of the connective tissuees. Parasites of the locomotory system. Ectoparasites. Lice. Mites. Flies. Oesophagus. Small intestine. Large intestine.

Trypanosoma brucei brucei. Bovine coccidiosis. Flagellate protozoa. Paramphistomum cervi. Nematodirus helvetianus. Toxocara vitulorum.

Topic 5 Parasites of sheep and goats. Parasites of the digestive system. Parasites of the respiratory system. Parasites of the pancreas. parasites of the serculatory system. Parasites of the nervous system. Parasites of the reproductive/urogenital system. Parasites of the connective tissuees. Parasites of the locomotory system. Ectoparasites. Lice. Mites. Flies. The treatment and control of parasitic gastroenteritis (PGE) in sheep. Predilection sites and prepatent periods of Eimeria species in sheep. Predilection sites and prepatent periods of Eimeria species in goats. Other protozoa. Mammomonogamus nasicola. Other Protostrongylid species. Ecology of Lymnaea species. Babesiosis

Topic 6. Parasites of horses. Endoparasites. Parasites of digestive system Parasites of the respiratories system. Parasites of the liver. Parasites of the pancreas. parasites of the serculatory system. Parasites of the nervous system. Parasites of the reproductive/urogenital system. Parasites of the connective tissuees. Parasites of the locomotory system. Ectoparasites. Lice. Mites. Flies. Draschia megastoma. Parascaris equorum. Tapeworms. Coccidiosis. Other protozoa. Cyathostomum species.. Anoplocephala magna. Eimeria uniungulati Cylicostephanus species. Strongylus edentates. Triodontophorus. Oxyuris equi Rhinoestrus purpureus. Echinococcus granulosus.

Scientific publications . Scientific research and source of knowledge of scientific publications. Monograph , dissertation dissertation, preprint, abstracts and materials of the scientific conference, collection of scientific works.

Scientific nonperiodic edition: book, brochure, scientific collections, journals.

Types of monographs: scientific and practical.

Forms of coverage of the results of scientific work: abstracts, abstracts, abstracts. Types of lectures: informative, extended or consolidated, scientific.

Inventive activity. Research results: new technological processes and aggregates, materials and connections, devices and structures can make the subject of invention or discovery.

Oral transmission of information about scientific results. Report, reports at meetings, seminars, symposiums, conferences. Conversations with personal meetings.

Modules	Types of work	Module name		Forms of training		
		Module I.	Content	Lectures,		
Module	A 1. 1	module 1.	Parasite	Training		
1	Audit work	taxonomy	and	Consultations, individual lessons		
		morphology.		Control measures (module control, checking)		
		Module I.	Content			
Module	Independent	module 1.	Parasite	Summarizing additional subjects of discipline		
1	work	taxonomy	and	Individual research work		
		morphology.				
Table structure of the course						

4. STRUCTURE OF EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE

Form Teaching	Normativ	ve data				educational work	01
_	Course	Semester	Total	Lecture classes	Independent	Modular	

			(year)	(year)		work (hours)	control 1
				Lacturas	Practical		The final one
				(vear)	classes		control (offset)
				(year)	(hours)		
Daytime	2	4	1 50	36	36	78	4 semesters

5. IN THE POWER OF KNOWLEDGE AND THE POSSIBILITIES OF ASPIRANTS (AIMS OF THE TRAINING PROGRAM)

The content of the goal

• Postgraduate student should know: Veterinary and sanitary measures that promote the efficiency of livestock breeding, methods of diagnosis, treatment and sanitary measures, disinfection, as well as viral, bacterial, highly contagious and exotic animal diseases.

• Methods of diagnostics, treatment and elimination of parasitic (including highly contagious and exotic) diseases of cattle, principles of carrying out of veterinary and sanitary measures and improvement measures that promote efficient livestock management.

• Methods of diagnostics and elimination of parasitic diseases of cattle, principles of veterinary and sanitary measures and sanitary measures; principles of preventive antiepizootic veterinary and sanitary measures in horses.

Postgraduate student must be able to: recognize Facultative parasites and arthropod vectors. They should be good at epidemiology of parasitic diseases.

Post-graduate student must have skills at : Resistance to parasitic diseases;

Antiparasitics; and the laboratory diagnosis of parasitism etc.

6. FORMS OF CONTROL

The specifics of teaching the subject is to use three types of control: current, modular, and final.

Current control includes:

- testing (t) - this form of control allows you to check the preparation of postgraduate students for each class; is conducted on a regular basis on a selective basis;

- training (t) - is carried out with the aim of formulating skills and abilities of postgraduate students in practical direction, formation of modern scientific thinking, ability to make responsible and effective decisions;

- independent work (cf.) - this form of control allows to reveal the ability to clearly, logically and consistently answer the questions posed, the ability to work independently;

- Individual and post-graduate research work (ANDR) - conducted with the aim of obtaining practical skills and abilities in using and researching scientific sources, writing articles, abstracts, writing reports, developing presentation materials, using theoretical and empirical research methods.

Final control is conducted in the form of an exam, which is aimed at supervising the postgraduate students' knowledge.

7. THEMATIC PLANNING OF EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE

Full-time education

п / п	Title of topic	Lectures (hours)	Practical classes (hours)	individual (course) (year)	Total (h)	Modular control
	Module I. Content module 1. Paras	site taxon	omy and m	orphology	•	
	Topic 1. Parasite taxonomy and morphology.	6	6	10	22	
	Topic2.Veterinaryhelminthology.	6	6	10	22	
	Topic3.Veterinaryprotozoology.	6	6	10	22	40
	Topic 4 Parasites of cattle.	6	6	15	27	
	Topic 5. Parasites of sheep and goats.	6	6	15	27	
	Topic 6. Parasites of horses.	6	6	18	30	
	Individual research work	-	-			
	Total	36	36	78	150	15 0

8. PLANNING THEORETICAL COURSE Full-time education

	Title of the course, lectures and their contents	Number of hours	Points	Bibliography
	Module I. Content module 1.			
	Topic 1. Parasite taxonomy and morphology.	6	1	Basic summer.
1	Parasite taxonomy and morphology			[3, c. 4-39; 5, p.
	A basic definition.			6]
	Principles of classification.			Add summer $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & 30 \end{bmatrix}$
	1			[1, 0.4-39] [3 n 66-79]
	Topic 2 Veterinary helminthology	6	1	Basic summer.
2	Phylum Nemathelminthes	-	_	[3, c. 4-39; 5, p.
	Dhylum Acanthoconhala			14]
	Phylum Acanthocephala.			Add summer
	Phylum Platyneiminines.			[1, pp. 99-119]
				[1, c. 142-179]
_	Topic 3. Veterinary protozoology.	6	1	Basic summer.
3	Protista			[3, c. 4-39; 5, p.
	Apicomplexa			5/] Add summon
	Microspora			[1 c 223 - 271]
	Ciliophora			[1, c.223-271] [1, c.272-303]
	Bigyra			[2, c.337-369]
	Ascomycota			
	Topic 4 Parasites of cattle.	6	1	Basic summer.
4	Endoparasites. Parasites of digestive system			[3, c.4-39; 5, p.
	Parasites of the respiratory system. Parasites of			49]
	the liver			Add summer
				[1, c.223-271]

	Parasites of the pancreas.			[1, c.272-303]
	Parasites of the circulatory system.			[2, c.337-369]
	Parasites of the nervous system. Parasites of			
	the reproductive / urogenital system.			
	Parasites of the connective tissuees. Parasites			
	of the locomotory system. Ectoparasites. Lice.			
	Mites. Flies.			
	Topic 5. Parasites of sheep and goats.	6	1	Basic summer.
5	Parasites of the digestive system. Parasites of			[3, c.4-39; 5, p.
	the respiratory system.			16]
	Parasites of the pancreas.			Add summer $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & c & 180 & 188 \end{bmatrix}$
	Parasites of the circulatory system. Parasites of			[1, c. 189-222]
	the nervous system.			[1, 0, 10, 222]
	Parasites of the reproductive/urogenital			
	system.			
	Parasites of the connective tissues. Parasites of			
	the locomotory system.			
	Ectoparasites. Lice. Mites. Flies.			
	Topic 6. Parasites of horses. Endoparasites.	6	1	Basic summer.
6	Parasites of digestive system Parasites of the			[3, c.4-39; 5, p.
	respiratory system.			86] Add annan an
	Parasites of the liver.			Add summer $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \text{pp} & 64-98 \end{bmatrix}$
	Parasites of the pancreas.			[1, pp. 0+90] [2, p.75-81]
	Parasites of the circulatory system.			r) I]
	Parasites of the nervous system.			
	Parasites of the reproductive/urogenital			
	system.			
	Parasites of the connective tissues.			
	Parasites of the locomotory system.			
	Ectoparasites. Lice. Mites. Flies.			
	Total	36		

9. PLANNING PRACTICAL STORIES

Full-time education

	Title of the course, practical classes and their contents	Number -	Points	Bibliography
	Module I.	st nours.		
1	Topic 1. Parasite taxonomy and morphology. Parasite taxonomy and morphology A basic definition. Principles of classification.	6		Basic summer. [2, c. 7] Add summer [1, c.4-39; 3 p.66-79]
2	Topic 2. Veterinary helminthology. Class Nematoda Class Trematoda	6		Basic summer. [2, c. 8]

	Class Cestoda		Add years.
			[1, pp. 99-
			119; 1, c.
		6	142-179]
3	1 opic 3. Veterinary protozoology	0	Dasic
5	Structure and function of protozoa		[2 c 11]
	Phylum Sarcomastigophora		Add summer
	Family Eimeriidae		[1, c.223-
	Phylum Microspora		271]
	Phylum Ciliophora		[2, c.337-
			369]
	Topic 4 Parasites of cattle	6	Basic
4	Oesophagus		summer.
	Small intestine		[2, C, 12]
	Large intestine		[1 c 223]
	Trypanosoma brucei brucei		271]
	Bovine coccidiosis		[1, c.272-
	Flagellate protozoa		303]
			[2, c.337-
			369]
5	Topic 5. Parasites of sheep and goats.	6	Basic
3	The treatment and control of parasitic		summer. $[2 \ c \ 14]$
	gastroenteritis (PGE) in sheep		Add summer
	Predilection sites and prepatent periods of Eimeria		[1, pp.180-
	species in sheep.		188]
	Predilection sites and prepatent periods of Eimeria		[1, pp. 89-
	species in goats.		222]
	Other protozoa		
	Mammomonogamus nasicola		
	Other Protostrongylid species.		
	Ecology of Lymnaea species		
	Babesiosis		
	Topic 6. Parasites of horses.	6	Basic
6	Draschia megastoma		summer.
	Parascaris equorum		[2, c. 16]
	Tapeworms		$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & pp & 64 \end{bmatrix}$
	Coccidiosis		98]
	Other protozoa		[2, p.75-81]
	Cyathostomum species.		
	Total	36	

10. INDEPENDENT WORK POSTGRADUATES Full-time education

	Title of the course, their content	Number of hours	Points	Bibliography
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	Module I. Content module 1.			
1	Topic 1. Topic 1. Parasite taxonomy and			Basic summer.
1	morphology.	10	2	[1, C. /]
		10		Add summer $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & c & A = 30 \end{bmatrix}$
				p.66-79]
	Topic 2. Veterinary helminthology			Basic summer.
2	Nematode superfamilies		2	[1, c. 15]
		10	Z	Add summer
				[1, pp. 99-119;
				1, c. 142-179]
3	Topic 3. Veterinary protozoology			Basic summer. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & c & 21 \end{bmatrix}$
5	Classification of the protozoa.		2	Add summer
	Order Kinestoplastorida (haemoflagellates)	10	2	[1, c.223-271]
	Flagellates			[1, c.272-303]
	Rickettsia			[2, c.337-369]
	Topic 4 Parasites of cattle.			Basic summer.
4	Paramphistomum cervi.		2	[1, c. 29]
	Nematodirus helvetianus.	15	2	Add summer $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 223 & 271 \end{bmatrix}$
	Toxocara vitulorum.			[1, c.223-271] [1, c.272-303]
				[2, c.337-369]
	Topic 5. Parasites of sheep and goats.			Basic summer.
5	Gongylonema pulchrum		2	[1, c. 35]
	Trichostrongylus axei	15		Add summer
	Strongyloides papillosus			[1, pp.180-188]
	Tonic 6 Parasites of horses			Basic summer.
6	Anonlocenhala magna			[1, c. 42]
	Fimeria uniungulati			Add summer
	Cylicostenhanus species			[1, pp. 64-98]
	Strongylus edentatus	18	2	[2, p.75-81]
	Triodontonhorus	10		
	Oxvuris equi			
	Rhinoestrus nurnureus			
	Echinococcus granulosus			
	Individual research work			Basic summer
	marvidual research work		10	[2, c. 17]
	Total	78		<u> </u>

11. Methods of training

1. Methods of learning by the source of knowledge:

1.1. *Verbal* : <u>story</u>, <u>explanation</u>, <u>conversation</u> (heuristic and reproductive), <u>lecture</u>, <u>coaching</u>, <u>work with the book</u> (reading, transcribing, writing out, drawing up a plan, reviewing, annotation, making tables, charts, reference notes, etc.).

1.2. Visual : demonstration, illustration, observation.

1.3. *Practical* : <u>laboratory method</u>, <u>practical work</u>, <u>exercise</u>, <u>production-practical methods</u>.

2. Methods of learning by the nature of the logic of knowledge.

2.1. Analytical (essence: a part- time schedule to examine their essential features).

2.2. *Methods of synthesis* (essence: the unification of the analysis of elements or properties of an object, the phenomenon into one whole).

2.3. *Inductive method* (essence: the study of objects or phenomena from individual to general).

2.4. *Deductive method* (essence: the study of objects or phenomena from the general to the individual).

2.5. *Productive method* (essence: these are conclusions from general to general, from partial to partial, from one to one).

3. Methods of training by the nature and level of independent mental activity of students.

3.1. *Problem* (problem-information)

3.2. *Partial search (heuristic)*

3.3. Research

3.4. **Reproductive** (essence: possibility of application of the learned in practice).

3.5. *Explanatory-demonstrative*

4. Active teaching methods (*for example*) - use of technical means of training, brainstorming, crossword puzzles, contests, debates, round tables, binary classes, business and role games, talk shows, trainings, use of problem situations, excursions, classes in production, group research, self-knowledge, simulation training (built on simulation of future professional activities), use of teaching and control tests, use of reference notes of lectures, *etc.*)

5. Interactive Technologies teach ting (*for example*) - the use of multimedia technology, interactive whiteboard and spreadsheets, case - study (method of analysis of specific situations), cooperation graduate (cooperation) *and others*.

12. Accounting and control

Management of research work of subjects of scientific activity can not be carried out without such instruments as accounting and control. They are carried out for the purpose of successful and effective implementation of complex target programs and operational plans.

Post-graduate study, department and dean's office are registered and controlled by means of reports, reviews, inspections of documented work, etc. One form called itiv to fulfill graduate of individual plans is planned stages of the work specified in the schedule under review Supervisor s graduate.

The normative documents on the postgraduate study stipulate that the individual plan of research work for a postgraduate student shall be approved by the academic council of the faculty upon the submission of the department, on which it is fixed. To carry out the research work, a postgraduate student is appointed by a scientific supervisor from among the doctorates or professors. When conducting research on the border of adjacent issues, it is allowed to have two executives and a consultant.

Postgraduate student is obliged to master profound professional knowledge, to acquire skills of independent research work, to have a wide scientific and cultural outlook. Postgraduates may be seconded to scientific centers and leading educational institutions of Ukraine, as well as abroad, for conducting research on the chosen topic.

Post graduate students studying in isolation from production and without separation should work on a single individual plan of research work on the chosen subject of the dissertation.

13. Recommended Books

Basic

1. Axtell, R.C. and Arends, J.J. (2000) Ecology and management of arthropod pests of poultry. *Annual Review of Entomology*, **35**, 101–126.

2. Baker, A.S. (2002) *Mites and Ticks of Domestic Animals. An Identification Guide and Information Source.* The Natural History Museum, London.

Burgess, I. (2000) *Sarcoptes scabiei* and scabies. *Advances in Parasitology*, **33**, 235–293.

3. Colebrook, E. & Wall, R. (2004) Ectoparasites of livestock in Europe and the Mediterranean region. *Veterinary Parasitology*, **120**, 251–274.

4. Cox, F.E.G. (1993) *Modern Parasitology*. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford. *Diseases of camels*. *Scientific and Technical Review* (1987) Vol. 6, No. 2, Office International des Epizooties, Paris.

5. Dryden, M.W. and Rust, M.K. (2000) The cat flea: biology, ecology and control. *Veterinary Parasitology*, **52**, 1–19.

6. Dunn, A.M. (1995) *Veterinary Helminthology*. Second edition. Heinemann Medical Books, London.

7. Fain, A. (2004) Adaptation, specificity and host– parasite coevolution in mites (Acari). *International Journal for Parasitology*, **24**, 1273–1283.

8. Georgi, J.R. and Georgi, M.E. (1990) *Parasitology for Veterinarians*. W.B. Saunders Company, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

9. Gullan, P.J. and Cranston, P.S. (1994) The Insects. An Outline of Entomology. Chapman & Hall, London.

10. Hall, M.J.R. and Wall, R. (1994) Myiasis of humans and domestic animals. *Advances in Parasitology*, **35**, 258–334.

Extra

1. Guay DR. Pet-assisted therapy in the nursing home setting: potential for zoonosis. *Am J Infect Control* 2001; **29**: 178–86.

2. Mullen, G. and Durden, L. (2002) *Medical and Veterinary Entomology*. Academic Press, Amsterdam.

3. Palmer, S.R., Soulsby, E.J.L. and Simpson, D.I.H.

(2000) Zoonoses: Biology, Clinical Practice and Public Health Control. Oxford Medical Publications, Oxford.

4. Smith, K.G.V. (2000) An introduction to the immature stages of British flies: Diptera larvae, with notes on eggs, puparia and pupae. *Handbooks for the Identification of British Insects*, **10**, (14), 1–280.

5. Smyth, J.D. (1994) *Introduction to Animal Parasitology*. Third edition. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

6. Wakelin, D. (2000) *Immunity to parasites: how parasitic infections are controlled*. Second edition.

7. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge. Walker, A. (1999) Arthropods of Humans and Domestic Animals. Chapman & Hall, London.

8. Wigglesworth, V.B. (1972) *The Principles of Insect Physiology*. Chapman & Hall, London.

14. Information resources

1. library reading room, Internet .